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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/843,891	04/30/2001	Tetsuya Toshine	Q64332	1136
75	01/20/2001	EXAMINER		
SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.			ANGEBRANNDT, MARTIN J	
Washington, De		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1756	

DATE MAILED: 01/23/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Applicat	on No.	Applicant(s)
		09/843,8	91	TOSHINE ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examine	r	Art Unit
			Angebrannd	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic	ation appears on th	e cover sh	eet with the correspondence address
I HE - Exte after - If the - if NC - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum statue to reply within the set or extended period for rep	CATION. f 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evinication. days, a reply within the stationy period will apply and vitory period will apply and vitory period.	ent, however, a autory minimum ill expire SIX (6	may a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. b) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <i>05 November</i>	2003 .	
2a)⊠		o)☐ This action is		
3) <u> </u>		or allowance excer	t for forma	nl matters, prosecution as to the merits is 5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the ap	pplication.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are	•	nsideratior	1.
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•
	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election r	equiremen	f
	on Papers		5qu., 6111611	•
9)[he specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.		
10) 🔲 🛚	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)) ☐ accepted or b) ☐	objected to	bỳ the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any object	tion to the drawing(s)	be held in a	abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11) 🔲 🏾	he proposed drawing correction filed o	on is: a)∏ a	proved b)	disapproved by the Examiner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are requi			
12) 🔲 🏾	he oath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner.		
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	or foreign priority un	der 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)[All b) Some * c) None of:			
	 Certified copies of the priority do 	cuments have bee	received.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have bee	received	in Application No
		the priority docume	nts have b	een received in this National Stage
				S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application)
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign langu	age provisional ap	olication ha	as been received.
ttachment(
) 🔲 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pape	-948) er No(s)		view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Patent and Tra O-326 (Rev	* 1 = 4\)	Office Action Summar		Part of Paper No. 01202004

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1. The response provided by the applicant has been read and given careful consideration.

The previous rejection under the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 is withdrawn based upon the amendment to the claims. The amendments to the abstract and specification are approved and have been entered.

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims should insert - - the remainder of - - in place of "another" in the last lines of claims 1-3. There is no "another multilayered structure" introduced.

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 3-6 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being fully anticipated by Ueda et al. '598.

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Ueda et al. '598 describe the laminate of figure 21, which comprise a peelable substrate (4), a hologram layer (2), an adhesive layer (55), a black light blocking layer (54) a second adhesive layer (56) and a removable substrate (53). (col. 18-19) Useful photopolymerizable volume holographic recording materials, such as omnidex-706 is disclosed. (13/13-15). The use of a colored transparent or opaque layer in place of the black layer, or the blackening/coloring of the adhesive layer itself is disclosed. (18/52-65).

The applicant mistakenly assumes that the black layer (54) is considered an adhesive layer. The examiner considers it the colored layer recited in claim 5 and therefore as part of the multilayered structure of the heat seal layer together with the adjacent transparent heat seal layer. Therefore the contention that the PET layer is not a heat seal layer material is moot. The description of the colored layer recited in claim 5 as part of the second heat seal layer dilutes the "successively stacked" language.

6. Claims 1-6 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morii et al. '378.

Morii et al. '378 teach the laminate of figure 10b, which comprise a protective layer (7), an adhesive layer (5"), a hologram layer (6), a second adhesive layer (5'), a colored layer (9) a third adhesive layer (5) and a removable substrate (11) (illustative example 5). Useful volume holographic recording materials are disclosed. (12/28-16/35). Useful adhesive layer materials include acrylic, acetate, gelatin, casein, polyvinyl acetate and hot melt resins. (12/7-27 and 33/49-65). The surface of the surface protective layer (7) may be provided with a release layer and a rigid film initially adhered to it and them peeled from it. (18/33-52). Figures 4 and 5 show the tearing of the holographic layer when delamination is attempted. The use of colored sheets

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as layer (9) is disclosed as providing a background color different from that of the hologram to enhance the contrast of the image. (26/46-57).

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the invention of illustrative example 10b by providing the surface protective layer with a release layer and a peelable substrate based upon the disclosure to do so.). The relative softening points of the adhesive layers are inherent as the medium does not come apart when applied.

The applicant mistakenly assumes that the colored layer (9) is considered an adhesive layer. The examiner considers it the colored layer recited in claim 5 and therefore as part of the multilayered structure of the heat seal layer together with the adjacent transparent heat seal layer. Therefore the contention that the PET layer is not a heat seal layer material is moot. The description of the colored layer recited in claim 5 as part of the second heat seal layer dilutes the "successively stacked" language.

7. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either of Ueda et al. '598 or Morii et al. '378, in view of Kushibiki et al. '285.

Kushibiki et al. '285 teach the provision of layer (5) which acts to provide a background color to the hologram and may be comprised of a metal or metal oxide (7/20-42).

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the invention of figure 21 of Ueda et al. '598 or figure 10b, (illustrative example 5) of Morii et al. '378 by using a background of a metal or metal oxide as taught by Kushibiki et al. '285 for use with volume holograms in place of the red dyed layer with a reasonable expectation of achieving comparable results.

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The rejection stands without further comment as no further issues beyond those addressed above were offered by the applicant.

8. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either of Ueda et al. '598 or Morii et al. '378, combined with Kushibiki et al. '285, further in view of Kaule CA 2046711.

Kaule CA 2046711 teaches a holographic transfer film comprising a substrate (10), a separation layer (12), a protective film (14), an embossed layer (16), a metallic holographic layer (18), a protective layer (20) and an adhesive layer (22) and a peelable substate (pages 5 and 6). The adhesive layer (22) may be colored black (page 6). The use of volume holographic materials, rather than embossed or relief holograms is disclosed. (page 6).

In addition to the basis provided above, it would have been obvious to modify the combination of either of Ueda et al. '598 or Morii et al. '378, with Kushibiki et al. '285 by coloring the lower adhesive layer, rather than have a separate color layer based upon the disclosure of equivalence by Kaule CA 2046711.

The rejection stands without further comment as no further issues beyond those addressed above were offered by the applicant.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Martin J Angebranndt whose telephone number is 571-272-1378.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Huff can be reached on 571-272-1385. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9309 for regular communications and 703-872-9309 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Martin J Angebranndt Primary Examiner

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January 20, 2004